

1	E.g. $12 \times 9 (=108)$ or $(9-6) \times x (=3x)$	4	M1 for one correct relevant area
	E.g. $129 - '108' (=21)$ or $'108' + '3x' = 129$ or		M1 dep on M1 for 129 used correctly with another area or for a correct equation (ft) with bracket(s) expanded
	E.g. $'21' \div (9-6)$ or $x = \frac{129 - '108'}{3}$		M1 for a complete method
		7	A1
Total 4 marks			

2	$8 \times x (=8x)$ or $14 \times x (=14x)$ or $(14-8) \times x (=6x)$ or $\frac{1}{2} \times (14-8) \times (13-x) (=39-3x)$ or $\frac{13+x}{2} \times (14-8) (=39+3x)$ or $\frac{1}{2} \times 13 \times (14-8) (=39)$ or $\frac{8+14}{2} \times x (=11x)$ or $14 \times 13 (=182)$ or $8 \times (13-x) (=104-8x)$ or $\left(\frac{8+14}{2} \times (13-x) \right) (=143-11x)$ oe	4	M1 one correct area linked to the shape
	$14x + 6 \times \frac{1}{2} \times (13-x)$ oe eg $8x + \frac{x+13}{2} \times 6$ or $\frac{8+14}{2} \times x + \frac{13 \times (14-8)}{2}$ or $"182" - \left(\frac{8+14}{2} \times (13-x) \right)$ or $11x + 39$ oe		M1 ft from correct working expression for total area of shape – with no parts omitted or duplicated Adding up parts of given shape or Large rectangle subtracting trapezium (or subtracting (rectangle + triangle))
	eg $11x + 39 = 91.8$ or $14x + 39 - 3x = 91.8$ or $"182" - 143 + 11x = 91.8$ or $16x + 6x + 78 = 183.6$ oe		M1 fully correct equation with no fractions (allow 91.8 or multiples of 91.8 but no other decimals) and no brackets
	Working not required, so correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working)	4.8	A1 or $4\frac{4}{5}$ oe or $\frac{24}{5}$ oe
Total 4 marks			

3	$(AB^2 =) 7.5^2 - 6^2 (=20.25)$ or eg $(BAC =) \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{7.5}\right) (=53.1\dots)$ or $\cos(BCA) = \frac{6}{7.5} (=0.8)$	6	M1 for a correct first step to find AB or a complete method to find angle BAC or a correct first step to find angle BCA
	$(AB =) \sqrt{7.5^2 - 6^2} (=4.5)$ or $(AB =) \frac{6}{\tan "53.1"} (=4.5\dots)$ or $(AB =) 7.5 \cos "53.1" (=4.5\dots)$ or $(BCA =) \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{7.5}\right) (=36.8\dots)$		M1 for a complete method to find AB or angle BCA
	$(\text{Area } ABC =) \frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times "4.5" (=13.5)$ or $(\text{Area } ABC =) \frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times 7.5 \times \sin("36.8") (=13.47\dots \text{ or } 13.5)$		M1 ft [their labelled AB] or [their labelled BCA] eg for $\frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times$ [their labelled AB] or $\frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times 7.5 \times \sin$ [their labelled BCA]
	$(\text{Area } DAC =) 31.5 - "13.5" (=18)$ or $"13.5" + 0.5 \times 7.5 \times AD = 31.5$ oe $(AD =) ("18" \div 7.5) \div 0.5$ oe		M1 ft (dep on previous M1) allow 31.5 – [their area]
		4.8	M1 for a complete method to find AD , dependent on correct working
			A1 accept 4.78 – 4.81
Total 6 marks			

4	$\sqrt{36} (= 6)$ or 6 or 6×6		4	M1	for method to find the length of the square – may be seen in later working
	eg $\pi \times \left(\frac{[\text{their } 6]}{2}\right)^2 \div 2 (= 14.1... \text{ or } 4.5\pi \text{ or } \frac{9}{2}\pi)$ or $\pi \times \left(\frac{[\text{their } 6]}{2}\right)^2 (= 28.2... \text{ or } 9\pi)$			M1	for method to find the area of one semicircle or circle or the incorrect number of semicircles or circles provided correct area of circle formula is seen for [their 6] allow any value if there is a clear implication this is their side length of square.
	eg $4 \times "14.1" (= 56.5... \text{ or } 18\pi)$ or $2 \times "28.2" (= 56.5... \text{ or } 18\pi)$			M1	for a complete method to find the total area of the semicircles ft from previous M1 [if the pupil multiplies again and uses the incorrect number of circles or semicircles this mark is not awarded]
		92.5		A1	accept 92.4 – 92.6 (not in terms of π)
Total 4 marks					

5	$28 \times 12 (= 336)$ or $5 \times 12 (= 60)$ or $18 \times 12 (= 216)$ or $28 \times 20 (= 560)$ or $\frac{1}{2}(CD + "18")"8"$ oe eg $72 + 4CD$ [numbers in “ ” come from correct working] Check diagram for areas		4	M1	For a correct method to find the area of a rectangle (may be seen as part calculation) or a correct expression for the area of the trapezium with numbers substituted. Allow for other correct method to find area linked to this shape.
	“336” + $0.5("18" + CD)"8" = 434$ oe eg $4("18" + CD) = 98$ or eg $0.5("18" + CD)"8" = "98"$ oe eg $\frac{1}{2}(18 + CD) = 12.25$ or “560” – $2(0.5(5 + x)"8") = 434$ oe (where x is horizontal from D to perp with AF) [numbers in “ ” come from correct working]			M1	correct use of their values from correct working for an equation involving CD (CD could be labelled with any letter)
	eg $(CD =) \frac{196 - 144}{8} (= \frac{52}{8})$ or $(CD =) \frac{98 - 72}{4} (= \frac{26}{4})$ or $(CD =) \frac{434 + 152 - 560}{4}$ or $(CD =) 2 \times 12.25 - 18$ or $98 \times 2 (= 196)$, “196” $\div 8 (= 24.5)$, “24.5” – 18			M1	a correct process to solve a correct equation or a correct process to find CD using correct values
		6.5		A1	oe
Total 4 marks					

6	eg $2.5 \times 6.5 (= 16.25)$ or $0.5 \times 6.5 \times 1 (= 3.25)$ or $3.5 \times 6.5 (= 22.75)$		4	M1	M2 for $0.5(2.5 + 3.5) \times 6.5 (= 19.5)$ or $2 \times (0.5(2.5 + 3.5) \times 6.5)$ (= 39)
	$2.5 \times 6.5 + 0.5 \times 6.5 \times 1 (= 19.5)$ or $2 \times (2.5 \times 6.5 + 0.5 \times 6.5 \times 1) (= 39)$ or $3.5 \times 6.5 - 0.5 \times 6.5 \times 1 (= 19.5)$ or $2 \times (3.5 \times 6.5 - 0.5 \times 6.5 \times 1) (= 39)$			M1	
	$2 \times "19.5" \div 12 (= 3.25)$ or “39” $\div 12 (= 3.25)$ or $12 + 12 + 12 + 12 (= 48)$ or $4 \times 12 (= 48)$			M1	or [their area] $\div 12$ (dep on M1) or using multiples of 12 for [their area] eg area = 19.5 and $12 + 12 (= 24)$ or $2 \times 12 (= 24)$
		4		A1	dep on M2, must be from correct working
Total 4 marks					

7	eg $8 \times 12 (= 96)$ or $7 \times 3 (= 21)$ or $3 \times 15 (= 45)$ or $8 \times 9 (= 72)$ or $15 \times 12 (= 180)$ or $7 \times 9 (= 63)$		5	M1 for a method to find one relevant area accept $15 - 8$ as 7 and $12 - 3$ as 9
	eg “96” + “21” (= 117) or “45” + “72” (= 117) or “180” – “63” (= 117)			M1 for a complete method to find the total area
	eg $117 \div 7 (= 16.7\dots \text{ or } 17)$			M1 (indep) for a method to find the number of tins for their area ft from any value that has come from a calculation that includes at least 2 of the given dimensions
	eg “17” \times 23.9			M1 for a method to calculate the cost for their number of tins dependent on previous M1
	<i>Working required</i>	406.3(0)		A1 dep on M1
				Total 5 marks